

Promoting Vaccine Confidence through Community Action and Support

Presentation to the CVCS Interdepartmental Working Group

Joy Schinazi, Co-coordinator
Tara Santavicca, Program Officer



Sept. 1st 2022

informer • protéger • soutenir
inform • protect • support

Agenda

1. The CoVivre Program

- Objectives

- Structure

- Core Values

2. Support to community outreach teams and neighborhoods

- Support to Communities and Leaders

- Tool and Training Development

3. Conclusion

The CoVivre Program: Objectives

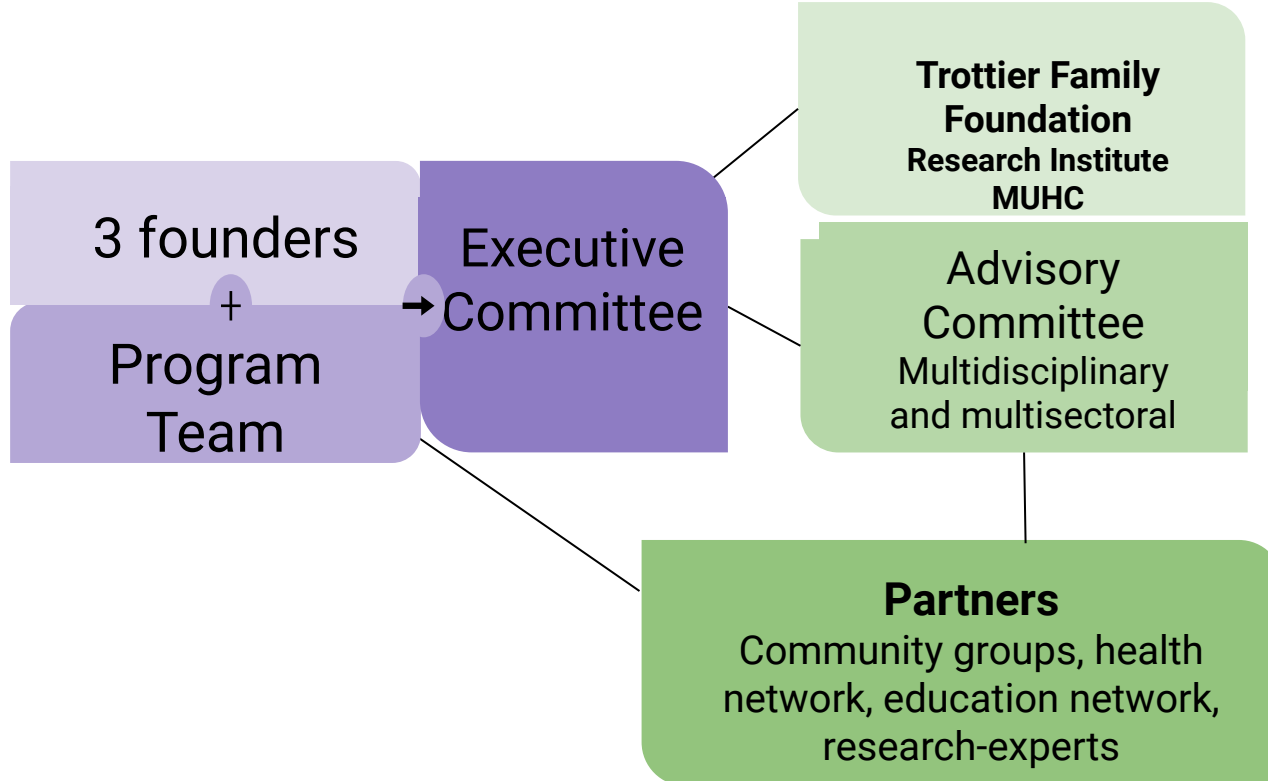
Inform, protect and support marginalized communities during the COVID-19 pandemic in the Greater Montreal Area

Facilitator - Accelerator

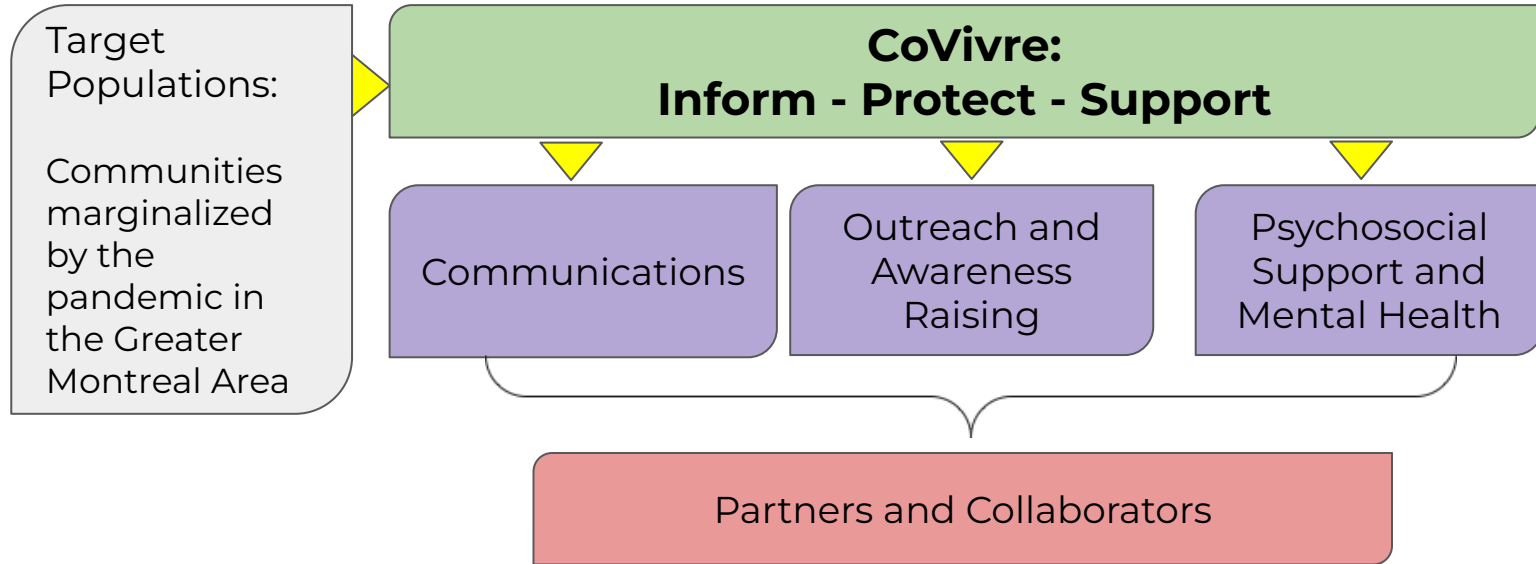
Reduce infection and transmission risks

Mitigate the consequences of the pandemic

The CoVivre Program: Structure



The CoVivre Program: Structure



The CoVivre Program: Core Values

- Empowerment
- Partnership
- Democratic and adapted communications
- Cultural competency and safety
- Transparency
- Recognition
- Adaptability
- Science-driven

A decorative graphic consisting of two overlapping triangles, one purple and one teal, pointing towards the right.

Protect – Support to community outreach teams and neighborhoods

3C Model : **Confidence, convenience/accessibility**, complacency

Guiding Principles

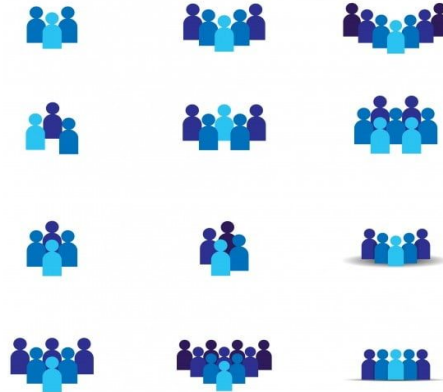
- Recognize heterogeneity in ethnocultural communities
- Respect and recognition of the power to act among the communities
- Co-construction: recognition and promotion of the knowledge, expertise and legitimacy of leaders and communities
- Trust and partnership
- Reactivity, flexibility, based on needs

Protect – Support to community outreach teams and neighborhoods

Support to Communities and Leaders Component



Support, in various **adapted** approaches



With leaders and communities



In collaboration with the COVID-19 vaccination campaign



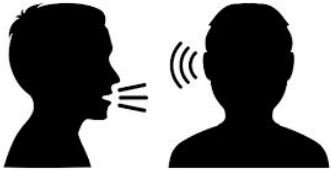
In the context of **partner-to-partner** relationships.

Protect – Support to community outreach teams and neighborhoods



Support to communities and leaders Component

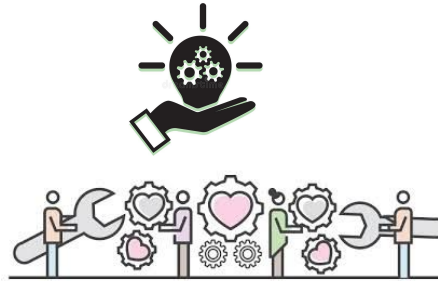
An overview of CoVivre's approach :



Question and listen to leaders (preoccupations, needs and existing initiatives within their community regarding vaccination)



Establishing trust



Support existing initiatives, if not, co-create



Suggest or co-create adapted knowledge transfer material



Bring preoccupations and needs to institutional stakeholders

Protect – Support to community outreach teams and neighborhoods

Support to Communities and Leaders Component



CONVERSATORIO
LIVE STREAM

CAFLA
Cultural Alliance for the Francophone Area

¿Vacunarse?
¿Sí?, ¿No?
¿Quizás?
¿Consecuencias?

MAYO 20 JUEVES 7:00 PM MONTREAL

El Comité des autorités francophones de la région de Montréal (CAFLA) vous invite à participer à un événement en direct sur YouTube. Ce sera l'occasion de discuter avec des experts de la vaccination.

MODERADORA
Claudia Ferraro-Espinosa
Directrice générale, CAFLA

PANELISTAS

- Dr. Joseph Caron-Duhamel, Médecin infectiologue, Hôpital Ste-Justine
- Dr. Hana Zaidi, Médecin infectiologue, Hôpital Ste-Justine
- Dr. Laurence Monnais, Médecin infectiologue, Hôpital Ste-Justine
- Dr. Laurence Monnais, Médecin infectiologue, Hôpital Ste-Justine

Information: info@cafla.ca 514-373-4777



Et si on parlait de vaccination contre la COVID-19?

Présentation et échanges autour des enjeux de prévention de la COVID-19 par la vaccination

Panélistes

- Président**
Michel Monette
Modérateur, MCEC
- Modérateur**
Daniel Genest
Représentant régional du Comité
Canado-Montarien (CMC), Canada
au Québec et Bureau junior et
Pain de MCEC, Canada
- Panelistes**
- Laurence Monnais**
Hauturier de la santé
Professeure titulaire au
Département d'Épidémiologie et
démographie du Centre d'études
épidémiologiques de l'Université de
Montréal
- Glen Smith**
Docteur en médecine
Épidémiologiste –
Télésantier général
Collège Préfessionnel
Institut de Technologie pour
la Francophonie
- Sasha Dyck**
Infirmière de médecine et chef
d'équipe de la Clinique de
dépistage COVID-19 du CLSC
de Parc Extension

lundi le 7 juin 2021 | 19h à 21h

sur ZOOM

Pour inscription :
https://bit.ly/et-si-on-parlait-de-vaccination
https://bit.ly/et-si-on-parlait-de-vaccination



Parlons vaccination dans le contexte de la pandémie

Vous avez des questions médicales ou théologiques, nous aimerions les entendre et en discuter.

Panelistes

- Wilmer Cayo, Ph.D.**
Docteur en théologie
Professeur associé
à l'Université de
Montréal, Centre
de la foi
- Joseph J. Clomitus**
Professeur en théologie
de la théologie de
Montréal, Centre
de la foi
- Jean-Claude**
Néko Kabongo
Médecin généraliste
à l'Université de
Montréal, Centre
de la foi
- Jason Winchell**
Vice-président de
l'Association des
Étudiants de la
Université de
Montréal, Centre
de la foi
- Laurence Monnais**
Médecin de famille
Professeure titulaire
au Département d'Épidémiologie
et de Santé
Publique de l'Université
de Montréal, Centre
de la foi

Jeudi le 10 juin 19h à 21h, Montréal

Pour inscription:
https://bit.ly/et-si-on-parlait-de-vaccination



COVID-19

MISSION VACCINER LOCAL

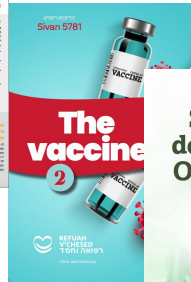
Assuna Annabawiyah Montreal
May 5 at 8:53 PM

Salam alaikum
À la mosquée Assuna, nous sommes très heureux d'avoir contribué à l'opération clinique mobile pour vacciner les résidents sans RDV contre Covid-19. Les résultats dépassent largement les objectifs initiaux.
Jaza Allahu khairane tous les bénévoles qui ont contribué à ce succès.
Voici quelques articles couvrant cette activité.
<https://www.lapresse.ca/.../mission-vacciner-local.php>
<https://www.cbc.ca/amp/1.6013665>
<https://montrealgazette.com/.../8a46c946-0d38-4c66.../amp/>

Protect – Support to community outreach teams and neighborhoods

Support to Communities and Leaders Component

וויאזוי וואקסיען ארבעטן



Myth: We should not trust the doctors and medical institutions, because they don't seem to have our best interests at heart.

Fact: If you trust the doctor with medical questions regarding your child or your own health, why would this be different?

We trust your doctors regarding ear infections or G-d forbid something more serious, so we should accept their medical analysis of the effectiveness and safety of the COVID-19 vaccine.

In conclusion, what is your message to the public?

Decisions regarding vaccination must be based on reality and proven fact, and not on hearsay and conspiracy theories. We do not see any logical reason why the COVID-19 vaccine should result in infertility, and the preliminary numbers so far are encouraging. Everyone should make their personal decision consulting with their own medical professional.

Thank you so much. Melech, for your time. your information will be good use.

May Hashem help that we speedily fulfilment of the blessing, "I will remove every ailment from the midst," and may no Jew experience pain or suffering.

Amen.

The Doctors Opinion

cliniqueo

April 20, 2021

Dr. David Melech

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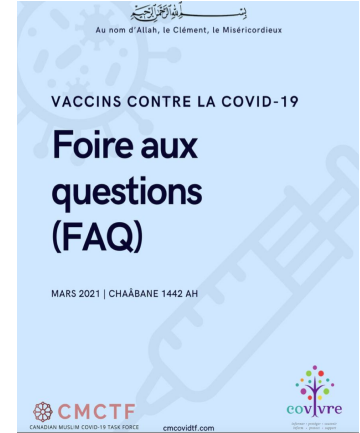
Dr. David Melech

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Dr. David Melech

Dr. David Melech

Dr. David Melech



Y a-t-il des produits animaux ou des ingrédients haram dans les vaccins contre la COVID-19, et ces derniers sont-ils permis par l'islam?

Les vaccins de Pfizer-BioNTech, de Moderna et d'AstraZeneca-Oxford/COVISHIELD contre la COVID-19 ne contiennent PAS de produits animaux (porc y compris) ni d'ingrédients haram d'importance.

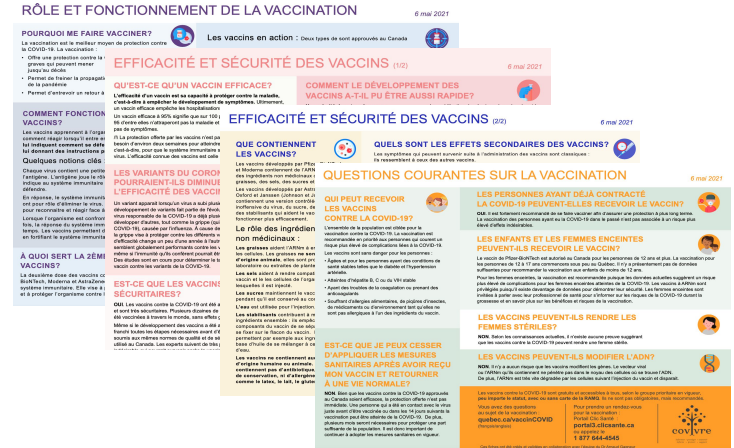
De nombreuses autorités islamiques du fiqh, instances de fatwas et associations médicales musulmanes, dont l'Association médicale musulmane du Canada et le Conseil canadien des imams, sont parvenues à la décision que ces vaccins sont permis et halal.

Protect – Support to community outreach teams and neighborhoods

Tool and Training Development Component



Vaccination and Vaccine Hesitancy Webinars

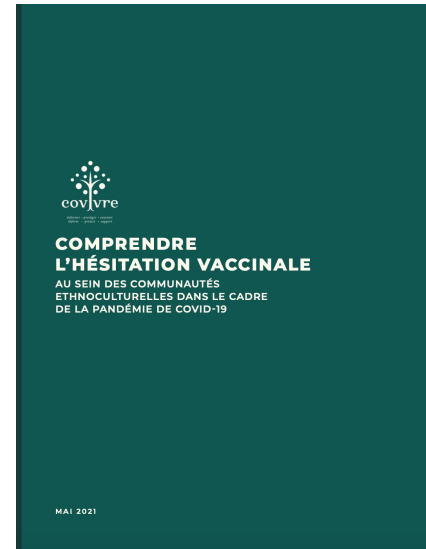
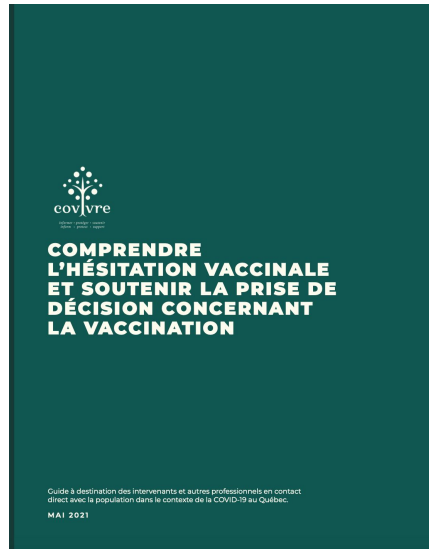


Vaccination Information Sheets, available in 9 languages

Protect – Support to community outreach teams and neighborhoods



Development of Tools and Training Component



Vaccine Hesitancy Guide: Practical and Integral Version

Development of Tools and Training Component

Informational tool for **parents and families** to support the decision-making process regarding the vaccination against COVID-19 among 5- to 11-year-olds in Quebec.

COVID-19 and Children 5-11 years old

Benefits of Vaccinating Children Against COVID-19

Although the medical problems associated with COVID-19 in 5-11 year-olds are not severe, there are some benefits to vaccinating children:

- 0 50-7% protection for the child against the disease with the Pfizer-BioNTech (Cominarty) vaccine
- 0 Decreased risk for the child to develop a severe form of the disease, PMS (and possibly long COVID)
- 0 Decreased risk of the child transmitting the disease, which helps protect vulnerable individuals, and helps decrease the circulation of the virus in the community and the risk of the virus mutating into new variants
- 0 Reduced risk of transmission at school, which diminishes potential class closures and other inconveniences for children, families and schools
- 0 Improved mental health and reduced anxiety for some children and parents
- 0 Potential improvement in children's development and schooling through more consistent school attendance and

(The term "parents" includes biological, adoptive or other legal guardians. The masculine gender is used as the neutral gender to refer to various people of either gender identity.)

Tool created and validated by Cylène A. Vanier-Clement, T. Santavirta, and C. Rousseau, É. Oubi, C. Sauvageau and their team (P. Laveault-Alford, S. Mathias, and J. Masi). J. Minerva and C. Guehri-Tham, Nov 28, 2021

Should some children be vaccinated more than others?

Children who are immunosuppressed or have chronic health problems have a slightly greater risk of severe COVID-19 infection, which may make their vaccination more beneficial.

Should a child who has previously been infected with COVID-19 be vaccinated?

Having the disease reduces the risk of re-infection, but the duration of this protection is uncertain. It is recommended children who have already had the disease be given a dose of vaccine (at least 8 weeks after having the disease) to increase their immune response and extend the period of protection.

Possible Side Effects After Vaccination

- Mild effects within 2-3 days: redness, pain and swelling at the injection site, lymph nodes under the arm, systemic reactions (fever, fatigue, headache, muscle pain). Systemic reactions are less common with the paediatric dose given to 5-11 year olds (50µg rather than 300µg).
- Within 14 days, very low risk of myocarditis or pericarditis (inflammation of the heart muscle or lining, with symptoms such as chest pain, palpitations, shortness of breath, fatigue, fever). Among 12-17 year-olds in Quebec, 12 cases of myocarditis per 100,000 doses of the vaccine have been reported, mostly in 16-17 year olds after the 2nd dose. Cases were mild and responded well to treatment and rest, and symptoms were short-lived. Canadian data show a cases with an interval of at least 8 weeks.

Can there be long-term vaccine side effects in children?

- No study has shown that any vaccine can have side effects years after it is given. The side effects of a vaccine occur within weeks or months of administration. It is expected that the same will be true for messenger RNA vaccines.
- Messenger RNA technology has been used for years in medicine. It is a recipe given to our body to develop antibodies against a virus. The mRNA does not transform our genetic material. The body eliminates the mRNA within hours, leaving only the antibodies developed by the body and ready to fight the virus.
- Since December 2020, hundreds of millions of mRNA vaccines have been administered and positive adverse reactions are closely monitored.

Tool created and validated by CoVivre (A. Varian-Gilmer, T. Santavirta, and C. Rousseau), É. Dubé, C. Sauvageau and their team (P. Lavoie et al., S. Moosbich, and J. Milot), J. Lapointe and P. Gauthier-Thomas, Nov. 20, 2020

MAKING A DECISION ABOUT YOUR CHILD'S VACCINATION

How to make the right decision for your child ?

FIRST OF ALL

- Trust that as parents we want to make the best decision for our child's present and future health based on available knowledge.
- Accept that our emotions and past personal, family or group experiences with immunization or the health care system may influence our decision and lead us to have a different position than others.
- Recognize that our emotions, positions and decisions may

① GETTING INFORMED

- Use the most reliable sources of information possible (see resources below).
- If necessary, talk to a trusted health care professional about

WEIGHING THE PROS AND CONS

- As parents, we weigh each day the pros and cons of the decisions we make for our children or family, and this is no different with the COVID-19 vaccination.
- The perception of these benefits and inconveniences varies from parent to parent and from family to family, and these differences must be respected as they relate to extremely diverse family landscapes, experiences and histories.
- As parents, it is important to take time to reflect and respond.

 TALKING ABOUT IT

- Discuss our concerns with those around us, in a climate of trust and respect for differences.
- In case of disagreement, listen to others without trying to convince, do not judge their concerns or choices.
- Protect the ties that unite us beyond our disagreements. We can live with those we already do with other types of disagreements (political, linguistic, religious, sports, musical, etc.).
- The choice of other parents is legitimate and must be respected just as much as our own, even if we do not share it and even if it may worry or anger us.
- Despite possible disagreements, remain caring and empathetic, and prioritize maintaining the relationship.
- Different positions around vaccination can lead to tensions and have impacts on children (loyalty conflicts, feelings of exclusion, intolerance, alcoholism, contamination, loss of...

Tool created and validated by Colville (A, Varier-CMment, T, Santavirta, and C, Rousseau), É. Dubé, C. Sauvageau and their team (P. Lavoie-Alain, S. Mathias and L. Milot), L. Josselyn and C. Ouellet-Thériault, Nov 29, 2021

COVID-19 RESOURCES FOR CHILDREN

Comics (videos)
For younger kids: Just a Vaccine, by Southern Ohio Medical Center
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gD3AT9U7>
Immunity Warriors, by Dr. Wilson, Ottawa Hospital
<https://www.immunitywarriors.com/enb/come>
Valiant Vaccine Versus the Vicious Virus, by Dr. Dery and Dr. Grigg

Questions and answers

Doctor Answers Kids' Questions about COVID Vaccine, CBC Kids
<https://www.cbc.ca/science/health/doctor-answers-questions-about-covid-19-vaccine-for-kids-under-12-1.6360000>
 How to Handle Your Shots Like a Champ, by Kids boost immunity
<https://cshd.bostonimmunity.com/charm> (Info and video)
 COVID-19 Vaccine FAQ (5-17-year-olds), Sick Kids Hospital, Toronto
<https://www.aboutcshd.ca/article/content/6003/kids-ask-ask-ask>

MAKING AN APPOINTMENT

The COVID-19 vaccine is free and accessible to everyone, regardless of status, with or without a RAMQ card. Children ages 5 to 11 can be vaccinated in vaccination clinics (with or without an appointment) or at school.

If you have questions about the vaccination of 5-11 year-olds visit www.hpa.gov.uk

quebec.ca/YOUTHvaccine

To make an appointment, go to [Clic Santé Porte](http://ClicSantéPorte.com)

portal3.clicsante.ca

or call

1 877 644-4545

1 877 644-4545

Tool created and validated by Goffure JA, Vanier-Clement, T, Santavikka, and C. Rousseau, E. Dubé, C. Sauvageau and their team (P. Laveault-Nolan, S. Mathab, and L. Milot). *Measur* and P. Church-Thank, Nov. 29, 2011.

Two overlapping geometric shapes, a purple parallelogram and a teal parallelogram, positioned in the top-left corner of the slide.

Conclusion

- Adherence to core values and guiding principles
- Proximity to communities
- Autonomy and capacity for course-correction



Forum La communauté au coeur

Dialogue autour des initiatives et des pratiques durant la pandémie

14-16 septembre 2022

Hôtel Delta Montréal
475, av. Président-Kennedy
Montréal QC H3A 1J7



Inscrivez-vous à

forumcommunaute.eventbrite.ca



Questions ? Comments ?

Joy Schinazi - joy.schinazi.ccomtl@ssss.gouv.qc.ca

Tara Santavicca - tara.santavicca.ccomtl@ssss.gouv.qc.ca

Website :

<https://sherpa-recherche.com/sherpa/projets-partenaires/covivre/>

